

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier EURO CLEAR 2:1 ACTIVATOR - SLOW

Other means of identification

Product code IMP 6885
Recommended use Activator

Recommended restrictions FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company REFINISH DISTRIBUTORS ALLIANCE, INC.

Address P.O. BOX 10431

JACKSON, TN 38308

Phone 731-394-9366

Website www.rda-impact.com

Emergency phone number EMERGENCY 24 Hrs. ChemTrec 800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 **Health hazards** Acute toxicity, oral Category 4 Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B Sensitization, respiratory Category 1 Sensitization, skin Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B
Carcinogenicity Category 1B

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. May cause an

allergic skin reaction. Causes eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer.

Category 3

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

71.7% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 54.92% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 85.91% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate		28182-81-2	20 - < 40
Tert Butyl Acetate		540-88-5	20 - < 40
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone		110-43-0	5 - < 20
Ethylhexyl Acetate 2		103-09-3	5 - < 15
Solvent Naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic		64742-95-6	0 - < 10
1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory		822-06-0	0< 5
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	0< 5
Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory		4098-71-9	0< 5
N-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	0 - < 5
tert-Butyl Alcohol		75-65-0	0< 5
Trimetyl Benzene		95-63-6	0< 5
Other components below reportable level	ls		10 - < 20

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

First-aid massuras

4. First-aid measures	6
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Headache. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and

discomfort. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

ns

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US.	OSHA Ta	ble Z-1	Limits	for A	r Contan	ninants	(29	CFR	1910.	1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)	PEL	465 mg/m3	
·		100 ppm	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3	
,		150 ppm	
Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)	PEL	950 mg/m3	
,		200 ppm	
tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0)	PEL	300 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
		тоо ррии	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values		100 ррш	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components	Туре	Value	
Components 1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory	Type TWA		
Components 1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0) Ethylbenzene (CAS		Value	
Components 1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)	TWA	Value 0.005 ppm	
Components 1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS	TWA	Value 0.005 ppm 20 ppm	
Components 1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS	TWA TWA	Value 0.005 ppm 20 ppm 0.005 ppm	

Components	Туре	•	Va	ue
Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)	TWA		200) ppm
tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0)	TWA	TWA) ppm
Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	TWA		ppm
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Components	Chemical Hazards Type	,	Val	lue
1, 6-Hexamethylene	Ceilir		0.1	4 mg/m3
Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)	Ocilii	ig	0.1	- mg/m3
,				2 ppm
	TWA			35 mg/m3
				05 ppm
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	-	545	5 mg/m3
•				5 ppm
	TWA			5 mg/m3
			100) ppm
Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)	STEL	STEL		8 mg/m3
			0.0	2 ppm
	TWA		0.0	45 mg/m3
			0.0	05 ppm
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)	TWA		465	5 mg/m3
) ppm
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	-	950) mg/m3
,			200) ppm
	TWA		710) mg/m3
			150) ppm
Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)	TWA		950) mg/m3
,			200) ppm
tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0)	STEL	-	450) mg/m3
/			150) ppm
	TWA		300) mg/m3
) ppm
Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA			5 mg/m3
·			25	ppm
ogical limit values	la dia a			
ACGIH Biological Exposure Components Va	Indices alue	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Ethylbenzene (CAS 0. 100-41-4)	15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic	Creatinine in urine	*

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protectionChemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. **Thermal hazards**Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Colorless
Odor Solvent.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -112 °F (-80 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 208.04 °F (97.8 °C) estimated

range

Flash point 55.4 °F (13.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Elemmobility limit lewer

Flammability limit - lower

1.1 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

7.9 % estimated

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 35.98 hPa estimated

Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 515 °F (268.33 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Density 0.85 g/cm3 estimated Flammability class Flammable IB estimated 61.55 w/w % By Weight Percent volatile

66.26 v/v % By Volume

0.85 estimated Specific gravity

VOC (Weight %) 2.49 lb/gal (Actual VOC - With Water Less Exempts)

> 3.69 lb/gal (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts) 298.92 g/L (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts) 442.20 g/L (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions. Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Nitrates.

Hazardous decomposition No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes eye irritation. Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Headache. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an

allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. **Acute toxicity**

Components **Species Test Results**

Acute Dermal

Rabbit LD50 593 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 0.03 mg/l, 2 Hours

> Rat 40 mg/l, 1 Hours

> > 22 mg/l, 4 Hours 0.385 mg/l, 6 Hours

Oral

LD50 Cat 1100 mg/kg

> Mouse 1980 mg/kg 960 mg/kg Rat

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Acute

Dermal

Rabbit LD50 17800 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg Components Species Test Results

Ethylhexyl Acetate 2 (CAS 103-09-3)

<u>Acute</u>

Oral

LD50 Rat 3 g/kg

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

<u>Acute</u>

Dermal

LD50 Rat 1060 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 0.123 mg/l, 4 Hours

0.033 mg/l

Oral

LD50 Mouse > 2500 mg/kg

Rat > 1000 mg/kg

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

<u>Acute</u>

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 12600 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Mouse 730 mg/kg

Rat 1.67 g/kg

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Acute Inhalation

LC50 Wistar rat 160 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 14000 mg/kg

tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rabbit 3.6 g/kg

Rat 3.5 g/kg

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 2000 ppm, 48 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 6 g/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye Causes eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

Not classified.

single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity -

Not classified.

repeated exposure
Aspiration hazard

Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
Ethylbenzene (CAS 10	00-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	(CAS 110-43-0)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	126 - 137 mg/l, 96 hours
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS	123-86-4)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours
Tert Butyl Acetate (CA	AS 540-88-5)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	296 - 362 mg/l, 96 hours
tert-Butyl Alcohol (CA	S 75-65-0)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	4607 - 6577 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	6130 - 6700 mg/l, 96 hours
Trimetyl Benzene (CA	S 95-63-6)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Ethylbenzene	3.15
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	1.98
N-Butyl Acetate	1.78
Tert Butyl Acetate	1.76
tert-Butyl Alcohol	0.35

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste Hazardous waste code

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name

Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) П **Packing group**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28 Special provisions

Packaging exceptions 150 173 Packaging non bulk Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Cargo aircraft only

Allowed.

Not established.

Allowed.

IMDG

UN1263 **UN** number

PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid **UN** proper shipping name

lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant No. **EmS** F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code







15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS Listed.

822-06-0)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)

Listed.

Listed.

Listed.

Listed.

Listed.

Listed.

Listed.

Listed.

Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) 500 LBS

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity	Threshold planning quantity	Threshold planning quantity, lower value	Threshold planning quantity, upper value
Isophorone	4098-71-9	500	500 lbs		

Diisocyanate Regulatory

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

 Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory	822-06-0	0< 5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0< 5
Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory	4098-71-9	0< 5
tert-Butyl Alcohol	75-65-0	0< 5
Trimetyl Benzene	95-63-6	0< 5

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

Solvent Naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic (CAS 64742-95-6)

tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Ethylhexyl Acetate 2 (CAS 103-09-3)

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)

tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)

tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Ethylhexyl Acetate 2 (CAS 103-09-3)

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)

tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. Rhode Island RTK

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)

tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Listed: June 11, 2004

International Inventories

Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) Domestic Substances List (DSL) Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) Existing Chemicals List (ECL) New Zealand Inventory Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

Version 2.1

Revision Date 08/22/2020

Disclaimer Our company cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the

products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the

sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.