

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification Product identifier OVERALL/GLAMOUR 4:1 ACTIVATOR - EXTRA SLOW Other means of identification Product code IMP 7595 Recommended use Activator Recommended restrictions FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company Address Phone	REFINISH DISTRIBUTC P.O. BOX 10431 JACKSON, TN 38308 731-394-9366	ORS ALLIANCE, INC.
Website	www.rda-impact.com	
Emergency phone number	EMERGENCY 24 Hrs.	ChemTrec 800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Signal word

Hazard statement

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 3
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2B
	Sensitization, respiratory	Category 1
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 3
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		



Danger

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
Response	If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	60.34% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 44.74% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 88.9% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures	
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Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate		28182-81-2	20 - < 40
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone		110-43-0	10 - < 30
Ester Solvent EEP		763-69-9	5 - < 10
Solvent Naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic		64742-95-6	5 - < 10
1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory		822-06-0	0< 5
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	0< 5
Ethylhexyl Acetate 2		103-09-3	0 - < 5
Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory		4098-71-9	0< 5
N-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	0 - < 5
Trimetyl Benzene		95-63-6	0 - < 5
Other components below reportable level	ls		20 - < 30

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Difficulty in breathing. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.			
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.			
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.			
5. Fire-fighting measures				
Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.			
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Water. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.			
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.			
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.			
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.			
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.			
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.			
6. Accidental release measures				

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

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Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. In not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.	
	For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).	

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Туре	Value	
PEL	435 mg/m3	
	100 ppm	
PEL	465 mg/m3	
	100 ppm	
PEL	710 mg/m3	
	150 ppm	
Туре	Value	
TWA	0.005 ppm	
TWA	20 ppm	
TWA	0.005 ppm	
TWA	50 ppm	
STEL	200 ppm	
TWA	150 ppm	
TWA	25 ppm	
	PEL PEL Type TWA TWA TWA TWA STEL TWA	PEL 100 ppm 465 mg/m3 PEL 100 ppm 710 mg/m3 150 ppm 150 ppm TWA 0.005 ppm TWA 20 ppm TWA 20 ppm TWA 50 ppm TWA 50 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components		Туре		Va	lue
1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)		Ceilin	g		14 mg/m3
)2 ppm
		TWA)35 mg/m3
)05 ppm
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)		STEL		54	5 mg/m3
				12	5 ppm
		TWA		43	5 mg/m3
				10	0 ppm
Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS	•	STEL		0.1	18 mg/m3
4098-71-9)				0.0	
		T \A/A)2 ppm
		TWA			045 mg/m3
		T \A/A		0.005 ppm	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (C 110-43-0)	,45	TWA			5 mg/m3
		0.T.F.			0 ppm
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)		STEL			0 mg/m3
					0 ppm
		TWA			0 mg/m3
					0 ppm
Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)		TWA			5 mg/m3
				25	ppm
ogical limit values					
ACGIH Biological Expo	sure Indices				
Components	Value		Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g		Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines			
US - California OELs: Skin d	lesignation		
Isophorone Diisocyanate US - Minnesota Haz Subs: S	Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) kin designation applies	Can be absorbed through the skin.	
Isophorone Diisocyanate US - Tennessee OELs: Skin	Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) designation	Skin designation applies.	
	Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Chemical Hazards: Skin desig	Can be absorbed through the skin. nation	
Isophorone Diisocyanate	Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)	Can be absorbed through the skin.	
Appropriate engineering controls	Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.		
Individual protection measures,	such as personal protective e	quipment	
Eye/face protection	Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.		
Other	Wear appropriate chemical res	sistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.	

Respiratory protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.			
Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.			
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.		

9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>.</u>	•
Appearance	Liquid
Physical state Form	Liquid. Liquid.
Color	Colorless
Odor	Solvent.
Odor threshold	Not available.
	Not available.
pH Malting paint/freesing paint	
Melting point/freezing point	-112 °F (-80 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	304.7 °F (151.5 °C) estimated
Flash point	55.4 °F (13.0 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.1 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	7.9 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	3.48 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	515 °F (268.33 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	0.84 g/cm3 estimated
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Percent volatile	46.55 w/w % By Weight 50.59 v/v % By Volume
Specific gravity	0.84 estimated
VOC (Weight %)	 3.83 lb/gal (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts) 3.83 lb/gal (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts) 458.58 g/L (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts) 458.58 g/L (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.			
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.			
Incompatible materials	Strong acids.			
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.			

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.		
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Eye contact	Causes eye irritation.		
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.		
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Difficulty in breathing. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.		

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Narcotic effects. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
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Components	Species	Test Results	
1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisoc	yanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)		
<u>Acute</u>			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	593 mg/kg	
Inhalation			
LC50	Mouse	0.03 mg/l, 2 Hours	
	Rat	40 mg/l, 1 Hours	
		22 mg/l, 4 Hours	
		0.385 mg/l, 6 Hours	
Oral			
LD50	Cat	1100 mg/kg	
	Mouse	1980 mg/kg	
	Rat	960 mg/kg	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41	-4)		
Acute			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg	
Ethylhexyl Acetate 2 (CAS	103-09-3)		
<u>Acute</u>			
Oral	_		
LD50	Rat	3 g/kg	
Isophorone Diisocyanate R	egulatory (CAS 4098-71-9)		
Acute			
Dermal LD50	Rat	1060 ma/ka	
	Rai	1060 mg/kg	
Inhalation	Rat	0.122 mg// 4 Hours	
LC50	nai	0.123 mg/l, 4 Hours	
		0.033 mg/l	

Components	Species	Test Results		
Oral				
LD50	Mouse	> 2500 mg/kg		
	Rat	> 1000 mg/kg		
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-4	3-0)			
<u>Acute</u>				
Dermal	B 11 1	10000 //		
LD50	Rabbit	12600 mg/kg		
Oral	NA	720		
LD50	Mouse	730 mg/kg		
	Rat	1.67 g/kg		
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)				
<u>Acute</u> Inhalation				
LC50	Wistar rat	160 mg/l, 4 Hours		
	Wistal lat			
Oral LD50	Rat	14000 mg/kg		
Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)	, cat			
Acute				
Dermal				
LD50	Rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg		
Inhalation				
LC50	Rat	> 2000 ppm, 48 Hours		
Oral				
LD50	Rat	6 g/kg		
	e based on additional component data not shown.			
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irrit	ation.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes eye irritation.			
Respiratory or skin sensitization	1			
Respiratory sensitization	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breath	ning difficulties if inhaled.		
Skin sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
Germ cell mutagenicity	May cause genetic defects.			
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer.			
IARC Monographs. Overall	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity			
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-	41-4) 2B Possibly carci	nogenic to humans.		
OSHA Specifically Regulate Not listed.	d Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)			
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive	e or developmental effects.		
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.			
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.			
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.			
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.			
12. Ecological information	1			
Ecotoxicity	- Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
2				

Components		Species	Test Results
Ethylbenzene (CAS 10	00-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	(CAS 110-43-0)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	126 - 137 mg/l, 96 hours
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS	123-86-4)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours
Trimetyl Benzene (CA	S 95-63-6)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)				
Ethylbenzene	3.15			
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	1.98			
N-Butyl Acetate	1.78			
Mobility in soil	No data available.			
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.			

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

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UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	173
Packaging bulk	242

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ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac solutions, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, <u>S-E</u>
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to	Not established.
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and	
the IBC Code	
DOT	





15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0)	Listed.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed.
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) 500 LBS

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes
-	Delayed Hazard - Yes
	Fire Hazard - Yes
	Pressure Hazard - No
	Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity	Threshold planning quantity	Threshold planning quantity, lower value	Threshold planning quantity, upper value
lsophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory	4098-71-9	500	500 lbs		
SARA 311/312 Hazaı chemical	rdous No				
SARA 313 (TRI report Chemical name	rting)		CAS number	% by wt.	
1, 6-Hexamethyle	ene Diisocyanate Reg	julatory	822-06-0	0< 5	
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	0< 5		
Isophorone Diiso	cyanate Regulatory		4098-71-9	0< 5	
Trimetyl Benzene	9		95-63-6	0 - < 5	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated. (SDWA)

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100) Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Solvent Naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic (CAS 64742-95-6) Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Ethylhexyl Acetate 2 (CAS 103-09-3) Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0) N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0) N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Ethylhexyl Acetate 2 (CAS 103-09-3) Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0) N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. Rhode Island RTK

1, 6-Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 822-06-0) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isophorone Diisocyanate Regulatory (CAS 4098-71-9) N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

Listed: June 11, 2004

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

Version	2.1
Revision Date	08/22/2020

Disclaimer

Our company cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.