

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier **OVERALL/GLAMOUR 4:1 CLEAR** 

Other means of identification

**Product code IMP 7500** Recommended use Clearcoat

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY Recommended restrictions

Manufacturer or supplier's details

REFINISH DISTRIBUTORS ALLIANCE, INC. Company

**Address** P.O. BOX 10431

JACKSON, TN 38308

731-394-9366 **Phone** 

www.rda-impact.com Website

**Emergency phone number EMERGENCY 24 Hrs.** ChemTrec 800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2

Acute toxicity, dermal Category 4 Health hazards

> Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Sensitization, skin Category 1 Carcinogenicity Category 2 Reproductive toxicity (the unborn child) Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 1

exposure

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2 **Environmental hazards** 

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

Category 2

long-term hazard

**OSHA** defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause **Hazard statement** an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Suspected of causing

cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

56.31% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 56.46% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 56.25% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 55% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

#### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

| Chemical name   | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | %         |
|---|--------------------------|------------|-----------|
| Xylene  |                          | 1330-20-7  | 30 - < 50 |
| Glycol Ether PM Acetate                               |                          | 108-65-6   | 20 - < 40 |
| parachlorobenzotriflouride                            |                          | 98-56-6    | 10 - < 20 |
| Ethylbenzene  |                          | 100-41-4   | 5 - < 10  |
| Methyl Acetate  |                          | 79-20-9    | 5 - < 10  |
| Bis(1, 2, 2, 6, 6-Pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) Sebacate |                          | 41556-26-7 | 0< 5      |
| Dibutyltin Dilaurate                                  |                          | 77-58-7    | 0< 5      |
| Isopropyl Benzene                                     |                          | 98-82-8    | 0< 5      |
| Toluene   |                          | 108-88-3   | 0< 5      |
| Trimethyl Benzene                                     |                          | 25551-13-7 | 0< 5      |
| Trimetyl Benzene                                      |                          | 95-63-6    | 0< 5      |
| Other components below reportable level               | s                        |            | 5 - < 10  |

<sup>\*</sup>Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Eye contact

Ingestion

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Rinse mouth. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**General** information

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

**Environmental precautions** 

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Occupational exposure limits

| US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air | r Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Componente                        | Tuno                              |

| Components   | Туре                                  | Value  |  |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)   | PEL                                   | 0.1 mg/m3  |  |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)  | PEL                                   | 435 mg/m3  |  |
| ,  |                                       | 100 ppm  |  |
| Isopropyl Benzene (CAS<br>98-82-8)   | PEL                                   | 245 mg/m3  |  |
| •  |                                       | 50 <b>ppm</b>  |  |
| Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9)   | PEL                                   | 610 mg/m3  |  |
| •  |                                       | 200 ppm  |  |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)   | PEL                                   | 435 mg/m3  |  |
|  |                                       | 100 ppm  |  |
| US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.100  | 00)                                   |  |  |
|  |                                       |  |  |
| Components   | Туре                                  | Value  |  |
| Components Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)  | <b>Type</b> Ceiling                   | Value<br>300 ppm                                       |  |
|  |                                       |  |  |
|  | Ceiling                               | 300 ppm  |  |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)   | Ceiling                               | 300 ppm  |  |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)  US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values   | Ceiling<br>TWA                        | 300 ppm<br>200 ppm                                     |  |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)  US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components  Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS                             | Ceiling<br>TWA<br><b>Type</b>         | 300 ppm<br>200 ppm<br><b>Value</b>                     |  |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)  US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components  Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS                             | Ceiling<br>TWA<br><b>Type</b><br>STEL | 300 ppm<br>200 ppm<br><b>Value</b><br>0.2 mg/m3        |  |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)  US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components  Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)  Ethylbenzene (CAS | Ceiling<br>TWA  Type  STEL  TWA       | 300 ppm<br>200 ppm<br><b>Value</b> 0.2 mg/m3 0.1 mg/m3 |  |

| US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value    | es                         |               |  |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|--|
| Components                         | Туре                       | Value         |  |
|                                    | TWA                        | 200 ppm       |  |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)             | TWA                        | 20 ppm        |  |
| Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 25551-13-7) | TWA                        | 25 ppm        |  |
| Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)     | TWA                        | 25 ppm        |  |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)             | STEL                       | 150 ppm       |  |
|                                    | TWA                        | 100 ppm       |  |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Che     | mical Hazards              |               |  |
| Components                         | Туре                       | <b>V</b> alue |  |
| Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7) | TWA                        | 0.1 mg/m3     |  |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS<br>100-41-4)     | STEL                       | 545 mg/m3     |  |
|                                    |                            | 125 ppm       |  |
|                                    | TWA                        | 435 mg/m3     |  |
|                                    |                            | 100 ppm       |  |
| Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)    | TWA                        | 245 mg/m3     |  |
|                                    |                            | 50 ppm        |  |
| Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9)       | STEL                       | 760 mg/m3     |  |
|                                    |                            | 250 ppm       |  |
|                                    | TWA                        | 610 mg/m3     |  |
|                                    |                            | 200 ppm       |  |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)             | STEL                       | 560 mg/m3     |  |
|                                    |                            | 150 ppm       |  |
|                                    | TWA                        | 375 mg/m3     |  |
|                                    |                            | 100 ppm       |  |
| Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)     | TWA                        | 125 mg/m3     |  |
|                                    |                            | 25 ppm        |  |
| US. Workplace Environmental Ex     | posure Level (WEEL) Guides |               |  |
| Components                         | Туре                       | <b>V</b> alue |  |
| Glycol Ether PM Acetate            | TWA                        | 50 ppm        |  |

# (CAS 108-65-6) **Biological limit values**

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

| Components                     | Value     | Determinant   | Specimen               | Sampling Time |
|--------------------------------|-----------|---|------------------------|---------------|
| Ethylbenzene (CAS<br>100-41-4) | 0.15 g/g  | Sum of<br>mandelic acid<br>and<br>phenylglyoxylic<br>acid | Creatinine in urine    |               |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)         | 0.3 mg/g  | o-Cresol, with<br>hydrolysis                              | Creatinine in<br>urine | *             |
|                                | 0.03 mg/l | Toluene   | Urine                  | *             |
|                                | 0.02 mg/l | Toluene   | Blood                  | *             |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)         | 1.5 g/g   | Methylhippuric acids                                      | Creatinine in urine    | *             |

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

### **Exposure guidelines**

#### US - California OELs: Skin designation

Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7) Glycol Ether PM Acetate (CAS 108-65-6) Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.

#### US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Skin designation applies.

Skin designation applies.

Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin. Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation** 

Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eyelface protection** Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

**Respiratory protection** Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace.

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Colorless
Odor Solvent.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -144.4 °F (-98 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 134.24 °F (56.8 °C) estimated

range

Flash point 14.0 °F (-10.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)

1.2 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

16 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 27.81 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available Not available. Relative density

Solubility(ies)

Not available. Solubility (water) Not available. Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature

810 °F (432.22 °C) estimated

Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity** 

Other information

**Density** 0.97 g/cm3 estimated Flammability class Flammable IB estimated Percent volatile 62.05 w/w % By Weight 62.33 v/v % By Volume

Specific gravity 0.97 estimated

VOC (Weight %) 3.59 lb/gal (Actual VOC - With Water Less Exempts) 4.32 lb/gal (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts) 429.73 g/L (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts)

517.85 g/L (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)

### 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions. Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Halogens.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

#### 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by

inhalation.

Skin contact Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation. Eye contact

Expected to be a low ingestion hazard. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Dermatitis. Rash.

#### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** Harmful if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Test Results** Components **Species** 

Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 175 mg/kg

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 17800 mg/kg

| Components                  | Species  | Test Results         |
|-----------------------------|----------|----------------------|
| Oral                        |          |                      |
| LD50                        | Rat      | 3500 mg/kg           |
| Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-8 | 2-8)     |                      |
| <u>Acute</u>                |          |                      |
| Inhalation                  | Marra    | 2000 7               |
| LC50                        | Mouse    | 2000 ppm, 7 Hours    |
|                             |          | 24.7 mg/l, 2 Hours   |
|                             | Rat      | 8000 ppm, 4 Hours    |
| Oral                        | Det      | 4.400                |
| LD50                        | Rat      | 1400 mg/kg           |
| Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9 | )        |                      |
| <u>Acute</u><br>Oral        |          |                      |
| LD50                        | Rabbit   | 3.7 g/kg             |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)      |          | 5 5                  |
| Acute                       |          |                      |
| <br>Dermal                  |          |                      |
| LD50                        | Rabbit   | 12124 mg/kg          |
|                             |          | 14.1 ml/kg           |
| Inhalation                  |          |                      |
| LC50                        | Mouse    | 5320 ppm, 8 Hours    |
|                             |          | 400 ppm, 24 Hours    |
|                             | Rat      | 26700 ppm, 1 Hours   |
|                             |          | 12200 ppm, 2 Hours   |
|                             |          | 8000 ppm, 4 Hours    |
| Oral                        |          |                      |
| LD50                        | Rat      | 2.6 g/kg             |
| Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 255  | 51-13-7) |                      |
| <u>Acute</u>                |          |                      |
| Oral                        | D-4      | 0070 //              |
| LD50                        | Rat      | 8970 mg/kg           |
| Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63 | 5-6)     |                      |
| <u>Acute</u><br>Dermal      |          |                      |
| LD50                        | Rabbit   | > 3160 mg/kg         |
| Inhalation                  |          | J                    |
| LC50                        | Rat      | > 2000 ppm, 48 Hours |
| Oral                        |          |                      |
| LD50                        | Rat      | 6 g/kg               |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)      |          |                      |
| <u>Acute</u>                |          |                      |
| Dermal                      |          |                      |
| LD50                        | Rabbit   | > 43 g/kg            |
| Inhalation                  |          |                      |
| LC50                        | Mouse    | 3907 mg/l, 6 Hours   |
|                             | Rat      | 6350 mg/l, 4 Hours   |
| Oral                        |          | "                    |
| LD50                        | Mouse    | 1590 mg/kg           |
|                             |          |                      |
|                             |          |                      |
|                             |          |                      |

Test Results Components **Species** Rat 3523 - 8600 ma/ka

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not a respiratory sensitizer. Respiratory sensitization

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are Germ cell mutagenicity

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in Reproductive toxicity

laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

#### 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Components            |             | Species   | Test Results                |
|-----------------------|-------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 10  | 00-41-4)    |   |                             |
| Aquatic               |             |   |                             |
| Crustacea             | EC50        | Water flea (Daphnia magna)                          | 1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours   |
| Fish                  | LC50        | Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)                | 7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours     |
| lsopropyl Benzene (Ca | AS 98-82-8) |   |                             |
| Aquatic               |             |   |                             |
| Crustacea             | EC50        | Brine shrimp (Artemia sp.)                          | 3.55 - 11.29 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish                  | LC50        | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | 2.7 mg/l, 96 hours          |
| Methyl Acetate (CAS 7 | 79-20-9)    |   |                             |
| Aquatic               |             |   |                             |
| Fish                  | LC50        | Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)                | 295 - 348 mg/l, 96 hours    |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-  | -3)         |   |                             |
| Aquatic               |             |   |                             |
| Crustacea             | EC50        | Water flea (Daphnia magna)                          | 5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours  |
| Fish                  | LC50        | Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)    | 8.11 mg/l, 96 hours         |
| Trimetyl Benzene (CA  | S 95-63-6)  |   |                             |
| Aquatic               |             |   |                             |
| Fish                  | LC50        | Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)                | 7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours  |

Components Species Test Results

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Dibutyltin Dilaurate 3.12
Ethylbenzene 3.15
Isopropyl Benzene 3.66
Methyl Acetate 0.18
Toluene 2.73
Xylene 3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

#### 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions**Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

#### 14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT

UN number UN1263

**UN proper shipping name** Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3

Label(s) 3
Packing group

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**Special provisions** 149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 173
Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1263

**UN proper shipping name** Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk
Packing group || Environmental hazards No.
ERG Code 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Other information

Passenger and cargo Allowed.

aircraft

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

**IMDG** 

UN1263 **UN** number

PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid UN proper shipping name

lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3

Subsidiary risk

Ш Packing group

**Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant No.

**EmS** F-E. S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Not established.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



#### 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

One or more components are not listed on TSCA.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

parachlorobenzotriflouride (CAS 98-56-6) 1.0 % One-Time Export Notification only.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)** 

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed. Listed. Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8) Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Listed. Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed. Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Listed

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

**Hazard categories** 

Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

#### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

No

chemical

#### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

| Chemical name     | CAS number | % by wt.  |  |
|-------------------|------------|-----------|--|
| Xylene            | 1330-20-7  | 30 - < 50 |  |
| Ethylbenzene      | 100-41-4   | 5 - < 10  |  |
| Isopropyl Benzene | 98-82-8    | 0< 5      |  |
| Toluene           | 108-88-3   | 0< 5      |  |
| Trimetyl Benzene  | 95-63-6    | 0< 5      |  |

#### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

6594

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

#### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number** 

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

#### **US state regulations**

# US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed

# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Bis(1, 2, 2, 6, 6-Pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) Sebacate (CAS 41556-26-7)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

parachlorobenzotriflouride (CAS 98-56-6)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 25551-13-7) Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Xvlene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8) Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

## **US. Rhode Island RTK**

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004 Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8) Listed: April 6, 2010

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991 US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: August 7, 2009

#### International Inventories

| Country(s) or region        | Inventory name   | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia                   | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)                     | Yes                    |
| Canada                      | Domestic Substances List (DSL)   | Yes                    |
| Canada                      | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)                                    | No                     |
| China                       | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)             | Yes                    |
| Europe                      | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | No                     |
| Europe                      | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)                 | No                     |
| Japan                       | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)               | No                     |
| Korea                       | Existing Chemicals List (ECL)  | No                     |
| New Zealand                 | New Zealand Inventory  | No                     |
| Philippines                 | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)      | No                     |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory                          | No                     |

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

#### 16. Other information

Version 2.0

**Revision Date** 09/01/2020

Disclaimer

Our Company cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)